ECAD data in PLM

Presented by: Scott Claes scott@claes.biz





Agenda

- What is PLM?
- ECAD Challenges
- What can a good PLM system do for you?
- High level goals
- MCAD vs. ECAD
- ECAD data map in PLM
- Takeaways
- Discussion



What is PLM? Product Lifecycle Management

WIKIPEDIA definition:

In industry, product lifecycle management (PLM) is the process of managing the entire lifecycle of a product from inception, through engineering design and manufacture, to service and disposal of manufactured products.

PLM integrates people, data, processes and business systems and provides a product information backbone for companies and their extended enterprise.

For the ECAD design world:

 Inception and Design with a handoff to Manufacturing and Purchasing

Datasets are more complex than what MCAD

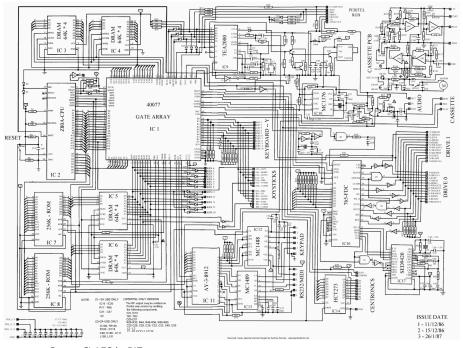
has to manage

Additional workload –
 Process Change



ECAD Challenges

- Dataset complexity
- Library management
- Lots of part numbers in assembly
- Variants



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What can a good PLM system do for you?

- Data Storage
- Workflows
- Version Control
- Visualization
- Library access
- BOM creation
- ECAD / MCAD Collaboration



- in a way that anyone can access it



Data Storage

 Collection and Storage of design data in a consistent and standard manner for every design

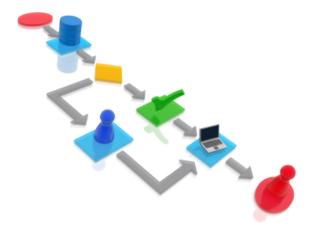
Collect business requirements, document,

implement, test



Workflow

- Allows standardization of processes across the team
- Especially important if the team spans multiple design centers



Version Control

- Check In / Check Out assists in keeping updates to work in process straight
- Introduces the concept of States, in addition to Version

C.3 PRODUCTION RELEASED

Visualization

- At least access for anyone with permissions, to an intelligent PDF
- Better A viewer that allows data query on all attributes in the database
- Potential for analysis tool and comparison tool linkage

Library Access

- Replication of data is sometimes simplest
- Linking of databases from PLM to ECAD tools library is sometimes possible
- Disperse teams should consider a complete
 New Part Introduction workflow

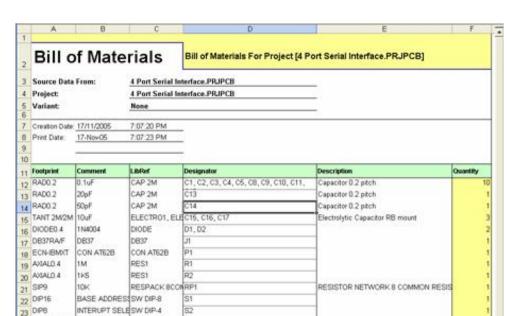


BOM Creation

- Optimally driven from the CAD data, usually the Schematic
- Allows for manual edits of hardware and consumables

Linkage to 3-D representation in the MCAD

tools



ECAD / MCAD Collaboration

- IDF is old school
- IDX is much more current
 - Allows bi-directional incremental updates
 - Additional definitions not in IDF
 - Defines ownership of data sections
- "Top of the Pyramid" activity, meaning all other pieces are setup – requires a pristine library process

High level goals

- "Single source of Truth"
- ECAD driven BOM attaching into the complete Product BOM



What ME is used to handling

- A Part that holds multiple definition items
 - CAD model
 - IGES model
 - DWG file
 - Etc.



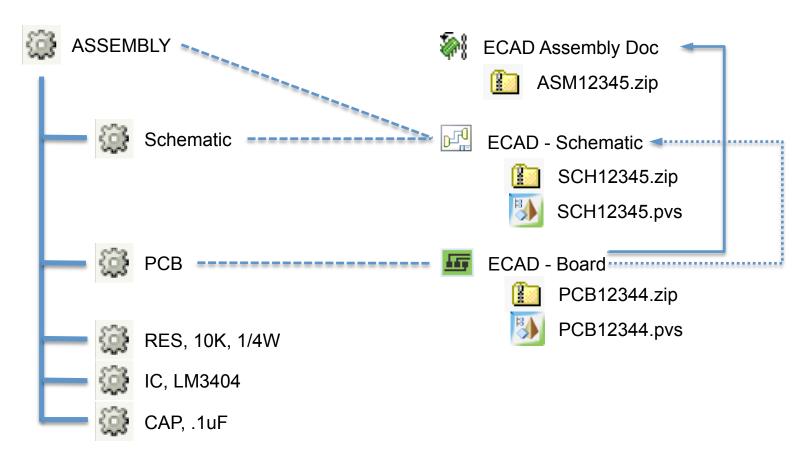
The EE & Designer have this:

- Top Assembly Part
 - BOM driven from Schematic
 - Additional Hardware
 - Assembly Files
- Schematic
 - Simulation Data
 - Design files
- PCB Part
 - ECAD model
 - IGES model
 - Fab files

ECAD Data "Map"

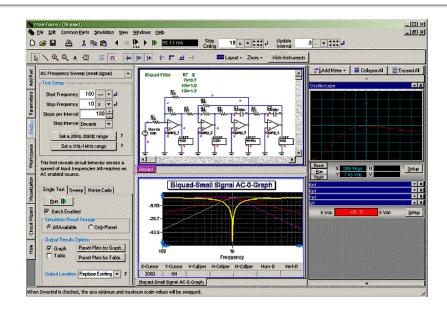
BOM

CAD Data



And that doesn't even address ...

- Variants
- MCAD Model
- Simulation data
- Firmware
- Libraries
- Part Values configured on test



Takeaways

- It's not as simple as the MCAD system
- Requires standardization of
 - Libraries
 - Processes
 - Systems

More Takeaways

- Provides downstream visibility to design data
- Start with one or two implementation goals and complete them
- Some onsite expertise will be valuable and should be developed

And Finally ...

- PLM is an Enterprise System
- It isn't something you want to do with low end CAD design tools
- You will eventually find functionality lacking

Discussion





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References

http://www.prostep.org/en/projects/ecadmcadimplementor-forum.html www.claes.biz

